## REMARKS

- Applicants hereby submit the following:
- [ ] a paper copy of a "Sequence Listing", complying with \$1.821(c), to be incorporated into the specification as directed above;
- [XX] an amendment to the paper copy of the "Sequence Listing" submitted on April 19, 2001, the amendment being in the form of substitute pages 36, 40 and 49. On page 36 a correction was made to section "(B) LOCATION" changing the location from "205...2987" to "205...2988"; the space between nucleotide 2987 and 2988 was removed on page 40 and a new space inserted between nucleotides 2988 and 2989. As pointed out in the Notice to Comply, the number of bases in SEQ ID NO:5 differed. SEQ ID NO:5 has now been corrected as follows: A "C" (cytosine) was added at position 3051 resulting in an "A" (adenine) at position 3052 and thus the correct base number for SEQ ID NO:5 is 3052. The addition of "C" at position 3051 is supported by the original sequence listing

published in the corresponding international patent application WO 98/58953

(PCT/DK98/00266), see page 46 of published application, and does not present new matter, but merely a correction of a typographical/clerical error.

- [XX] the Sequence Listing in computer readable form, complying with \$1.821(e) and \$1.824, including, if an amendment to the paper copy is submitted, all previously submitted data with the amendment incorporated therein;
- [ ] pursuant to \$1.821(e), reference is made to the computer readable form filed on , in USSN , which presents the identical Sequence information, the use of which is now requested, in lieu of submitting a new computer readable form; and/or
- [ ] a substitute computer readable form to replace one found to be damaged or unreadable.
- [ ] 2. The description and claims have been amended to comply with \$1.821(d).

- 3. The undersigned attorney or agent hereby states as follows:
  - (a) this submission is not believed to include new
    matter [\$1.821(g)];
  - (b) the contents of the paper copy (as amended, if applicable) and the computer readable form of the Sequence Listing, are believed to be the same [\$1.821(f) and \$1.825(b)];
  - (c) if the paper copy has been amended, the amendment is believed to be supported by the specification and is not believed to include new matter [\$1.825(a)]; and
  - (d) if the computer readable form submitted herewith is a substitute for a form found upon receipt by the PTO to be damaged or unreadable, that the substitute data is believed to be identical to that originally filed [\$1.825(d)].
- 4. Under U.S. rules, each sequence must be classified in <213> as an "Artificial Sequence", a sequence of

"Unknown" origin, or a sequence originating in a particular organism, identified by its scientific name.

Neither the rules nor the MPEP clarify the nature of the relationship which must exist between a listed sequence and an organism for that organism to be identified as the origin of the sequence under <213>.

Hence, counsel may choose to identify a listed sequence as associated with a particular organism even though that sequence does not occur in nature by itself in that organism (it may be, e.g., an epitopic fragment of a naturally occurring protein, or a cDNA of a naturally occurring mRNA, or even a substitution mutant of a naturally occurring sequence). Hence, the identification of an organism in <213> should not be construed as an admission that the sequence per se occurs in nature in said organism.

Similarly, designation of a sequence as "artificial" should not be construed as a representation that the sequence has no association with any organism. For example, a primer or probe may be designated as "artificial" even though it is necessarily complementary to some target sequence, which may occur in nature. Or an "artificial" sequence may be a substitution mutant of a natural sequence, or a chimera of two or more natural sequences, or a cDNA (i.e., intron-free sequence) corresponding to an intron-containing gene, or

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otherwise a fragment of a natural sequence.

The Examiner should be able to judge the relationship of the enumerated sequences to natural sequences by giving full consideration to the specification, the art cited therein, any further art cited in an IDS, and the results of his or her sequence search against a database containing known natural sequences.

Respectfully submitted,

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